नामांक Roll No. SS-02-English (C)

SENIOR SECONDARY EXAMINATION, 2024 ENGLISH (COMPULSORY)

Time: 3 Hours 15 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINEES:

- 1) Candidates must write their Roll No. first on the question paper compulsorily.
- 2) All the questions are compulsory.
- 3) Write the answer to each question in the given answer-book only.
- 4) For questions having more than one part the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
- 5) Write down the serial number of each question before attempting it.

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Sl.No.:

No. of Questions – 18

No. of Printed Pages – 07

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SECTION-A

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: $[9 \times 1 = 9]$

Trees do much more than supply us with the various conveniences. They help to support man's life by supplying the atmosphere with oxygen, which is essential to life. The oxygen in the air is constantly being used up and turned into carbon dioxide when animals breathe and things burn. Carbon dioxide is the food that plants 'eat'. The green leaves of trees (infact of all green plants) absorb this carbon dioxide and with the help of sunlight break it down into carbon and oxygen. The carbon is used to make starch, and the oxygen is released into the air, so replacing the oxygen used up by animals. But for this, animals would soon die for the lack of oxygen.

Starch and other carbon compounds made in the green leaves of trees (and of other green plants too) serve as food for animals. The tiny green cells of plants are wonderful laboratories, which produce all the starch in the world. But for this service done by plants, all animals would sooner or later die for lack of food; they must get all their food directly from plants or indirectly by eating animals that have fed on plants.

Ouestions:

i)	What different conveniences do we get from trees?	[1]				
ii)	What is essential to life?	[1]				
iii)	What makes carbon dioxide increase in air?	[1]				
iv)	How is carbon dioxide and oxygen made by leaves?	[1]				
v)	Where is all the starch of the world made?	[1]				
vi)	What will happen if there is no oxygen?	[1]				
Find out the word from the passage which means:						
vii)	the layer of air that surrounds us	[1]				
viii)	shortage	[1]				
ix)	very small in size	[1]				

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: $[6 \times 1 = 6]$

Once upon a time, one particular Rishi Gautama did Tapasya to obtain certain powers. For several days, months and years he observed rigorous austerities. He did not eat or drink; he stood on a single foot; he controlled the senses; he meditated on the chosen deity. One day in the morning he went to the river for a holy dip. On the bank of the river there was a tree. The branches of the tree were outstretching towards the river. A crane was sitting among the branches. When Gautama was in deep neck water facing towards the sun with an austere mind the droppings of the crane fell on his head. He felt disturbed and annoyed. He looked at the bird with anger. The next moment the bird fell down dead. The Rishi was happy because he had obtained the power to kill a bird by his very gaze. After a while, he went to the nearby village for food. He stood before a house and sought alms from the housewife. She was busy doing her domestic chores. Gautama waited for a few minutes. He was annoyed with her for the delay in responding to his call for 'bhiksha'. The lady came, looked at him gently and said, "Sir, I am not a crane to be killed by your mere stare. Sorry for the delay. I was serving my husband and feeding my children. Please accept the food." The Rishi was shocked. He could not know how she was able to learn about the crane which died only a short while ago. The lady further said, "Sir, don't be surprised. I am a humble housewife. If you want to know more about Tapasya and attainment of powers, please go to a particular person, whose address I shall give." Saying so, she gave him the address. Humbled and crestfallen, the Rishi went as directed. It was a greater shock to him to see the particular person to be an ordinary, simple man. The moment the Rishi was seen, the man said, "Holy sir, welcome. I know about the crane's death and that housewife's advice. Please wait a little and I shall soon take you home. Later, at home the Rishi was surprised to see the man delaying him further. He was busily engaged in serving his parents. He did not seem to have read any scriptures, nor did he observe any austerities. But he was bright with purity, purity of mind. In his presence, the Rishi was completely transformed.

Questions:

1)	How did Gautama observe Tapasya?	[1]
ii)	Why did the crane die?	[1]
iii)	Why was the Rishi happy at the crane's death?	[1]
iv)	What made the woman delay in giving 'bhiksha'?	[1]
v)	Write the word from the passage which mean – god.	[1]
vi)	Write the opposite word of 'life' from the passage.	[1]

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SECTION-B

3. You are Shikha/Asim, the cultural secretary of The Global School, Ambala. The school is going to organize its annual function in the next month. Invite the names of the participants for various activities through notice.

[4]

OR

Write a thanking message to your friend Anil/Anita whose invitation for a party is accepted by you. Sign yourself as Sunil/Sunita.

4. Your school organised a 'Science fair' on the occasion of 'NO BAG DAY'. Prepare a report for the local news-paper using the given hints and your experience. (planning, stall making, model display, inspection, award)

[5]

OR

Our state has recently witnessed the legislative elections. Based on your experience and using the clues given write a paragraph on 'the scene of a polling station' in about 100 words. (Various posters of awareness/information, queues of people, officers inside the booth, their work, how the EVM works)

5. Write a letter to the editor of a local daily newspaper drawing the attention of the authorities on the poor drainage system and ill-maintenance.

(Hints: shallow drains, small size, choked with garbage, overflowing water, hazardous for health)

[6]

OR

Write an application for the post of a clerk in a office. Attach your detailed CV also.

SECTION-C

6. Join the following sentences using the words given in the brackets :

 $[2 \times 1 = 2]$

i) Kishore built a new house.

He used marble tiles in it. (Where)

ii) Manisha taught English.

She was a good teacher. (Who)

7. Combine each set of sentences into one sentence as directed:

 $[2\times1=2]$

i) Lencho wrote a letter to god.

He wanted god to help him. (Use infinitive)

ii) Usha worked very hard.

She stood first in class. (Make a compound sentence)

8.	Fill i i) ii)	The	blanks by choosing the appr genie all his matte wanted criminal managed to	r's orders w	rithout a question. (carr	ied out/carried up)
9.	Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct conjunction given in the brackets: i) Arpit Archana jointly scored the top marks. (and/so) ii) The recorder asked me I was comfortable. (that/if)					
			SE	CTION - D	<u></u>	
10.	O. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: I used every way I knew to overcome this fear, but it held me firmly in its grip October, I decided to get an instructor and learn to swim. I went to a pool and I days a week, an hour each day. The instructor put a belt around me. A rope at belt went throught a pulley that ran on an overhead cable. He held on to the en and we went back and forth, back and forth across the pool, hour after hour, week after week. On each trip across the pool a bit of the panic seized me. I instructor relaxed his hold on the rope and I went under, some of the old terror my legs froze. It was three months before the tension began to slack. Then he put my face under water and exhale, and to raise my nose and inhale. I repeated hundreds of times. Bit by bit I shed part of the panic that seized me when munder water. Questions:				s grip. Finally, one and practised five ope attached to the he end of the rope, our, day after day, me. Each time the error returned and en he taught me to beated the exercise	
	i) but <u>it</u> held me firmly. 'It' refers to - (A) strongly (B) hardly			[1]		
	ii)	(C) The (A) (C)	terror narrator began to practice for three six	(B)		[1]
	iii)	The (A)	other end of the rope tied to instructor fear	the swimm (B)		[1]
	(A) five days		•	(B)	ear? week one year	[1]
	v) The word 'end' in the passage means				[1]	
		(A)	a final part of something	(B)		
		(C)	more	(D)	nothing	
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				U				
	vi)	The	opposite word	in the meaning of	'exhal	e' is	•	[1]
		(A)	intake		(B)	inbuilt		
		(C)	inward		(D)	inhale		
11.	Ans	wer aı	ny one of the fo	llowing question i	n abou	ıt 60 words.		[1×4=4]
	Wha	at thin	gs did the little	Franz notice in th	e scho	ol after an	order from Berl	in?
							(The	Last Lesson)
				OF	}			
	Wha	at mac	le the peddler th	ink the world of a	rattraj	p?	(The Rattrap)
12.	Answer the following questions in 20-30 words:							[2×2=4]
	i)	Who	o is Savita? Wha	at does she do?			(Lost Spring)
	ii)	Why	y did Sophie lik	e her brother Geo	ff mor	e than other	members of he	r family?
							(G	foing Places)
13.	Exp	lain a	ny one of the fo	llowing stanzas w	ith ref	erence to the	ne context:	[1×6=6]
	i)	It wo	ould be an exoti	c moment				
		With	nout rush, witho	ut engines,				
		We v	would all be tog	gether				
		in a s	sudden stranger	ness.				
				OF	}			
	ii) Aunt Jennifer's tigers prance across a screen,							
	Bright topaz denizens of a world of green.							
		The	y do not fear the	e men beneath the	tree;			
	They pace in sleek chivalric certainty.							
14.	Answer the following questions in about 60 words: [1×						$[1 \times 4 = 4]$	
Write the central idea of the poem 'My Mother at Sixty-six.								
				OF	}			
	Wha	at does	s frost want to c	onvey through the	poem	'A Roadsid	le Stand'?	
15.	Answer the following questions in 20-30 words:							[2×2=4]
	i)	Why	y do the trees ap	pear sprinting?			(My Mother	at Sixty-six)
	ii)	Wha	at is suggested b	y the image 'mass	ive we	eight of uncl	e's wedding bar	nd'?
							(Aunt Jenn	ifer's Tigers)

16.	Answer the following questions in about 60 words:					$[1 \times 4 = 4]$
	How was the Maharaja killed by the hundredth tiger?					(The Tiger King)
	OR How does Mr. Lamb try to overcome his feelings of loneliness?					(On The Face Of It)
17.	Answer the following questions in 20-30 words: i) Why does Sam write a letter to Charley?					[2×2=4]
						(The Third Level)
	ii)	Who	was Sadao? Where was	his house?		(The Enemy)
18.	Choose the correct alternative :					$[6\times1=6]$
	i)	"I sh	nall cut off my tuft, crop	my hair short_	" who said	these words?
		(A)	The king	(B)	The minister	
		(C)	The officer	(D)	The astrologer	
	ii)	One	can learn more about th	e planet if one t	ravels to	
		(A)	Earth	(B)	Antarctica	
		(C)	Arctic	(D)	America	
	iii) Yumi was					
		(A)	Sadao's friend	(B)	Sadao's wife	
	(C) Sadao's maid (D) Sadao's classm		Sadao's classmat	e		
	iv) Mr. Lamb was a fellow.					
		(A)	lame	(B)	blind	
		(C)	dumb	\ /	deaf	
	v) Everyone picked up his knife and fork for eating on the					bell.
		(A)	first	(B)	second	
		(C)	third	(D)	fourth	
	vi) What fun and games did the narrator watch while returning ho					
		(A)	performing monkey	(B)	the snake charme	er and the snake
		(C)	the cyclist	(D)	all the three	
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