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Roll No.

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No. of Questions — 17

No. of Printed Pages — 7

P—02—English

PRAVESHKA EXAMINATION, 2010

ENGLISH

Time : 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ Hours

Maximum Marks : 40

General Instructions for Examinees :

1. The Candidate must first write his / her Roll No. on the question paper compulsorily.
2. All the questions are compulsory.
3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer-book only.
4. For questions having more than one part the answers of those parts are to be written together in continuity.
5. There are internal choices in Question Nos. **11 & 13 to 15**.
6. There are *four* parts (i, ii, iii, iv) in Question No. 1. Each part has *four* alternatives A, B, C and D. Write the letter of the correct alternative in the answer-book at a place by making a table as mentioned below :

Question No.	Correct letter of the Answer
1. (i)	
1. (ii)	
1. (iii)	
1. (iv)	

P—02—English

P-B-(2)

[Turn over

1. Choose the correct form of the verb and write A, B, C or D of the correct answer in the table drawn by you in your answer-book :

(i) I posted the letter after I it.

- (A) write (B) wrote
(C) have written (D) had written.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(ii) If it we shall go on picnic.

- (A) rained (B) has rained
(C) rains (D) had rained.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(iii) It is evening. The children in the garden.

- (A) are playing (B) is playing
(C) was playing (D) were playing.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(iv) I was thirsty, so I water quickly.

- (A) drink (B) drank
(C) drinks (D) will drink.

$\frac{1}{2}$

2. Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners :

(*a few, any, much, many, a little*)

(i) There is traffic on the road.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(ii) They didn't do shopping.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(iii) Suresh is very popular. He has friends.

$\frac{1}{2}$

(iv) He died only days ago.

$\frac{1}{2}$

3. Change the following sentences into Indirect speech :

(i) He said to me, "I study English every evening."

$\frac{1}{2}$

(ii) She said to me, "I have never been to Udaipur."

$\frac{1}{2}$

4. Frame question tag or question so that the given sentence is a complete answer :

- (i) Sita lives in Jaipur, ? $\frac{1}{2}$
- (ii) The servant broke the cup, ? $\frac{1}{2}$
- (iii) I get up at four. When ? $\frac{1}{2}$
- (iv) He sold the house to educate the children.
Why ? $\frac{1}{2}$

5. Rewrite the following sentences using the given conjunctions to form a sentence :

- (i) Sunita is intelligent. She is beautiful.
(*not only but also*) 1
- (ii) Ram did not kill the snake. Mohan did not kill the snake.
(*neither nor*) 1

6. Change the following sentences into Passive voice :

- (i) People whitewash houses before Diwali. $\frac{1}{2}$
- (ii) They killed the lion. $\frac{1}{2}$

7. Write suitable prepositions in the spaces given below :

- (i) My sister died cancer. $\frac{1}{2}$
- (ii) I have not seen him Sunday. $\frac{1}{2}$

8. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

In nature, animals are not influenced by media campaigns and they trust their own instincts. Nature has given each animal the power to monitor its own body and maintain normal health. As an example, salt is an essential element required by all animals. Wild animals in the forest (like rhinoceros, elephants or deer), try to find a place where salt is present in the soil. They regularly lick the soil to get the

exact amount of salt their bodies need. They eat only the required amount of food and never suffer from obesity as we humans often do. They monitor their body needs by instinct and eat no more than is required. All carnivorous animals eat grass whenever they have diarrhoea or other stomach problems due to indigestion. And they normally manage to maintain good physical health.

- (i) What has nature provided every animal to keep itself healthy ? 1
- (ii) Why do the wild animals not suffer from obesity ? 1
- (iii) How do the meat-eating animals in the forest solve their stomach problems ? 1
- (iv) How do the wild animals monitor their body needs ? 1

9. Read the following passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Games, though essential, should not become the be-all the end-all of student life. Generally the sportsmen waste too much time on them and fail in their examination. One must never devote more than an hour to sports and after that should not even think about them. Again, if a player plays a game rashly, there is every danger of his breaking a limb. If it is played without the spirit of sportsmanship, it can lead to bad blood and quarrels. In some of the colleges, there is a tradition that if the visiting team is winning a match, the home team plays foul, picks a quarrel and try to injure the visitors. If we acquire the qualities of true sportsmanship, there will be no narrow mindedness, no corruption and no injustice.

- (i) Why do sportsmen generally fail in the examination ? 1
- (ii) What causes bad blood and quarrels in games ? 1
- (iii) Why does the home team quarrel with the visitors ? 1
- (iv) How can narrow mindedness be avoided ? 1

10. Answer any *two* of the following questions each in about 20 – 30 words : 2 × 1 = 2

(i) When did the narrator get a car ?

(*The Night We Won the Buick*)

(ii) What is the greatest hazard in life ?

(*Risks*)

(iii) What is more important than having a Ph.D. Degree ?

(*On Violence*)

(iv) What wonderful event took place at the end of the poem ?

(*An Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog*)

11. Answer the following question in about 40 – 60 words : 2

What did the last passenger say about the rules ?

(*All About a Dog*)

OR

What did the author feel when he stood before the mirror ?

(*Growing Up Pains*)

12. Answer any *three* of the following questions each in about 20 words :

3 × 1 = 3

(i) What brought change in the life of the thief ?

(*A Man's True Son*)

(ii) Where did the oldman come from ? (*Oldman at the Bridge*)

(iii) From where does courtesy spring ?

(*Courtesy*)

(iv) What did the Cabuliwallah carry ? (*The Cabuliwallah*)

(v) Why did the king keep the three brothers as royal guards ?

(*The Boy Who Tried*)

13. You are Vikas, a student of Government Praveshika School, Ludinagar. You are a poor student and so you cannot buy books. Write an application to your Headmaster requesting him to issue you text books from the library. 3

OR

You are Rohit living in Delhi. Your school is organising an educational tour. Write a letter to your father for permission to go on the tour. You may touch upon the following points :

- (i) time and date of the tour
 - (ii) students and teachers who are going
 - (iii) places to be visited
 - (iv) money required.
14. Complete the following story in about 60 words with the help of the following outlines : 3

A dog — hungry — searches food — finds a piece of bone — wants — quiet place to eat — crossing the bridge — sees reflection in the water — thinks another dog — wants other piece of bone — opens mouth to bark — piece of bone falls — water — sad.

OR

A farmer — wonderful hen — a golden egg daily — thinks to get all eggs — takes a knife — kills — cuts stomach — looks for eggs — no eggs — very sad — repents.

15. Write a paragraph in about 120 words on 'A Journey by Bus'. You may touch upon the following points : 3
- (i) When did you go ?
 - (ii) Where did you go ?
 - (iii) From where did you get the bus ?
 - (iv) What did you do on the way ?
 - (v) How did you feel during the journey ?

OR

You had your birthday. Describe in about 120 words how you celebrated and enjoyed your birthday. You may take help of the following words :

Birthday — great occasion, friends invited, programme time, friends gathered, candles lighted, cake cut, loud clapping, wished happy birthday, cake distributed, sang and danced, enjoyed food, many gifts, memorable day.

16. Explain any *two* of the following excerpts with reference to the context : 2 × 2 = 4

(i) To laugh is to risk appearing the fool.

To weep is to risk appearing sentimental.

To reach out for another is to risk involvement.

(ii) The friends who had left me came back every one,

And darkest advisers looked bright as the sun;

I need them no more, as they all understand,

I thank thee, I trust thee my good right hand !

(iii) I send them over land and sea,

I send them east and west;

But after they have worked for me,

I gave them all a rest.

(iv) A kind and gentle heart he had,

To comfort friends and foes;

The naked everyday he clad,

When he put on his clothes.

17. Explain any *one* of the following literary terms giving its meaning and uses : 1

(i) Rhyme

(ii) Humour.